

JOURNAL SUSTAINABILITY

VOL. 1 NO. 1 (2021)

E-ISSN: 2808-4829



Journal	Vol. 1 No. 2	Page. 1 – 110	October 2021	E- ISSN: 2808-4829
Sustainability				



JOURNAL SUSTAINABILITY

VOLUME 1 NUMBER 1, OCTOBER 2021

Sustainability: Theory, Practice and Policy is an international and cross-disciplinary scholarly, open access journal of theory, practice and policy on social, economy and environmental sustainability of society, which provides an advanced forum for studies related to sustainability and sustainable development. It publishes reviews and regular research papers. Sustainability is a biannual journal which published twice a year every April and October.

This inaugural number published seven articles, all of which came from field research. The first article written by Alfyananda Kurnia Putra which aims to determine the success of the Socio-Ecological Recovery movement on the CBMM approach as the management and utilization of mangrove forests in Penunggul Village, Nguling District, Pasuruan Regency. Second article written by Uswatun Asiah and Dyah Mutiarin which aims to reveal and explain the results of the evaluation of information technology-based inclusive education policies in DIY for the 2017/2018 academic year conducted by researchers in 16 high school inclusion schools in DIY.

Third article written by Muhammad Septiawan, et al which analyse the unrealized specific road for transporting coal mining products in Jambi Province which has been delayed for 9 years. This study showed that the construction of a specific road for coal transportation in Jambi Province had not yet had an impact on people's lives. These impacts are economic, social and road safety impacts. The unrealized policy is caused by several factors including the budget, political pressure, the complexity of licensing, and the dynamics of land acquisition. Fourth article written by Cut Aziza Dewi, et al which analyse the implementation of peatland restoration policies in Jambi Province.

Fifth article written by Riski Puspita Lestari and Juhari Sasmito Aji which found that implementation of the policy of Family Expectations Program (PKH) in Kerinci Regency in 2015-2016 have been conducted properly, the goals, socializing, and channeling the implementation was done according to the provisions and procedures that exist. But in the socialization there is a lack of coordination between the Department of education, the health service, BPS, Bappeda and facilities in its execution also still less. Sixth article written by Hilary Reinhart and Andi Rifani which found that the management strategies of Gunung Sewu karts is supposed to comply with the SDGs number 6 as the main framework dan must cover the both side of human side and the nature side including land cover management, water accessibility, and conservation of the catchment area.

Finally, last article written by Armanda Redo Pratama found that the total emissions from rice distribution activities in Indonesia are 36.007,97 tons km or 0,026% of the total emissions generated by transportation activities, which is considered high. Thus why effective distribution channels is must be develop to reduce the impact of CO2 emissions in the air.



SUSTAINABLE THEORY PRACTICE AND POLICY



JURNAL SUSTAINABILITY VOLUME 1 NOMOR 1, OKTOBER 2021

TABLE OF CONTENT

Movement for Coastal Areas of Pasuruan-Indonesia	1-15		
Evaluation of Information Technology-Based Inclusive Education's Policies in DIY for the 2017/2018 Academic Year	16-29		
Coals transportation's steep route to realization	30-43		
Implementation of peatland restoration policies in Jambi Province (case study of the Jambi Provincial Forestry Service)	44-57		
Implementation Of Family Hope Program (PKH) in Kerinci Regency during 2015 - 2016	58-76		
Water quality of Pulejajar Underground River, Karst of Gunung Sewu as the basis of karst management	77-94		
CO2 Emission Contribution Analysis of Rice Distribution Channels in Indonesia			